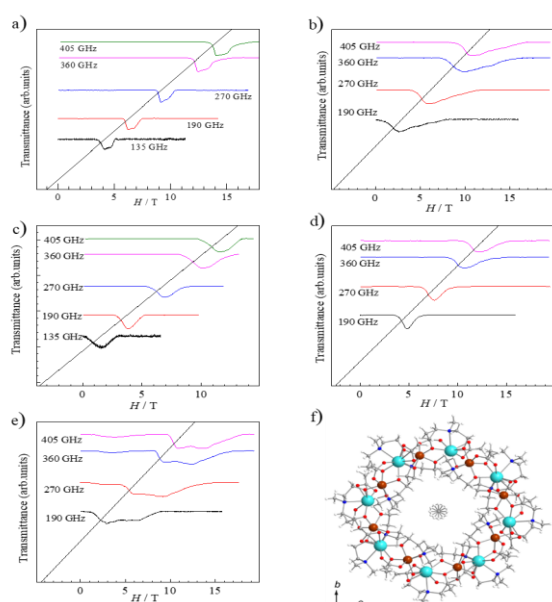


# High-Frequency/Field Electron Paramagnetic Resonance and High-Field Magnetization Studies on Wheel-like Clusters

**A**bstract: A family of 3d-4f wheel-like clusters  $\{\text{Fe}_8\text{Ln}_8\}$  ( $\text{Ln} = \text{Gd}, \text{Tb}, \text{Dy}, \text{Ho}, \text{Er}$ ) and a giant 4f wheel-like cluster  $\{\text{Dy}_{20}\}$  were isolated and studied by high-frequency/field electron paramagnetic resonance (HF-EPR) and high-field magnetization. HF-EPR spectra were observed in  $\{\text{Fe}_8\text{Ln}_8\}$ , which can help to extract the magnetic exchange-coupling constants, while magnetic hysteresis loops were observed for  $\{\text{Dy}_{20}\}$ , indicating a wheel-like single-molecule magnet.

HF-EPR spectra of polycrystalline  $[\text{Fe}_8\text{Ln}_8]$  ( $\text{Ln} = \text{Gd}, \text{Tb}, \text{Dy}, \text{Ho}, \text{Er}$ ) were collected in a wide frequency range between 135 and 405 GHz at 4.2 K. Wheel-like clusters display fantastic magnetic properties because of their non-collinear arrangement of their spins.

susceptibilities, we are going to determine the exchange couplings between Fe(III) ions and Ln(III) ions with the method reported by Prof. Hiroyuki Nojiri et al. [1-2].

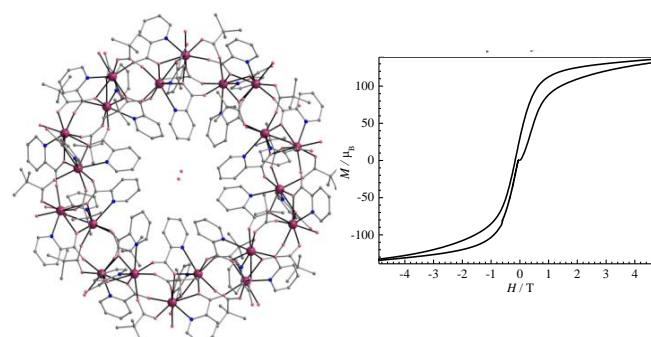


**Fig. 1** Selected HF-EPR spectra of  $[\text{Fe}_8\text{Ln}_8]$  measured at 4.2 K [ $\text{Ln} =$  (a) Gd, (b) Tb, (c) Dy, (d) Ho and (e) Er]. The spectra are offset in a linear scale of the frequency. Straight lines are drawn from the linear fitting in the frequency field plot. (f) Ball-and-stick model of the molecular structures of  $\{\text{Fe}_8\text{Ln}_8\}$  wheels.

**Table 1** The level-crossing fields ( $H_c$ ) and energy gap ( $\Delta E$ ) from linear fitting in the frequency field plot for  $\{\text{Fe}_8\text{Ln}_8\}$  wheels.

	$\text{Fe}_8\text{Gd}_8$	$\text{Fe}_8\text{Tb}_8$	$\text{Fe}_8\text{Dy}_8$	$\text{Fe}_8\text{Ho}_8$	$\text{Fe}_8\text{Er}_8$
$H_c / \text{T}$	-0.60	-4.35	-3.30	-2.18	-4.02
$\Delta E / \text{GHz}$	16.45	111.72	88.32	58.45	105.35

Fig. 1 shows HF-EPR spectra at 4.2 K for  $\{\text{Fe}_8\text{Gd}_8\}$  (1a),  $\{\text{Fe}_8\text{Tb}_8\}$  (1b),  $\{\text{Fe}_8\text{Dy}_8\}$  (1c),  $\{\text{Fe}_8\text{Ho}_8\}$  (1d), and  $\{\text{Fe}_8\text{Er}_8\}$  (1e) with crystal structure for  $\{\text{Fe}_8\text{Ln}_8\}$  (1f). With HF-EPR studies, the level-crossing field ( $H_c$ ), together with the  $g$  factor and energy gap ( $\Delta E$ ) can be determined from extrapolation in these plots (Figure 1 and table 1). Combined with the magnetic



**Fig. 2** (a) Molecular structure of  $\{\text{Dy}_{20}\}$ . Color code: Ln, purple; O, pink; N, blue; C, grey. (b) Magnetic hysteresis loop at 0.45 K for  $\{\text{Dy}_{20}\}$

The structure of wheel-like cluster  $\{\text{Dy}_{20}\}$  was shown in the Fig 2a. At 0.45 K, magnetic hysteresis loops can be clearly observed (Fig 2b), which is indicative of a single-molecule magnet. With magnetic susceptibilities and theoretical studies, we will have a clear understanding about electronic structure in those wheel-like clusters. With better and clearer understanding of the magneto-structural correlation, electronic structure and energy levels of those wheel-like clusters, single-molecule toroidal behavior may be clarified. We wish to publish three research papers in high-profile journals using these results.

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## References

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